SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY B.Sc. DEGREE COURSE IN CHEMISTRY

FIRST YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER

(Revised Syllabus under CBCS w.e.f. 2020-21)

COURSE II – (ORGANIC & GENERAL CHEMISTRY)

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Understand and explain the differential behavior of organic compounds based on fundamental concepts learnt.
- 2. Formulate the mechanism of organic reactions by recalling and correlating the fundamental properties of the reactants involved.
- 3. Learn and identify many organic reaction mechanisms including Free Radical
- 1. Substitution, Electrophilic Addition and Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution.
- 4. Correlate and describe the stereo chemical properties of organic compounds and reactions.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY

36h

UNIT-I

Recapitulation of Basics of Organic Chemistry Carbon-Carbon sigma bonds (Alkanes and Cycloalkanes)

12h

General methods of preparation of alkanes- Wurtz and WurtzFittig reaction, Corey House synthesis, physical and chemical properties of alkanes, Isomerism and its effect on properties, Free radical substitutions; Halogenation, concept of relative reactivity v/s selectivity. Conformational analysis of alkanes (Conformations, relative stability and energy diagrams of Ethane, Propane and butane). General molecular formulae of cycloalkanes and relative stability, Baeyer strain theory, Cyclohexane conformations with energy diagram, Conformations of monosubstituted cyclohexane.

UNIT-II

Carbon-CarbonpiBonds (AlkenesandAlkynes)

12h

General methods of preparation, physical and chemical properties. Mechanism of E1, E2, E1 cbreactions, Saytzeff and Hoff manneliminations, Electrophilic Additions, mechanism (Markownikoff/Antimarkownik off addition) with suitable examples, *syn*and*anti*-addition; addition of H₂, X₂, HX. oxymercuration- demercuration, hydroboration - oxidation, ozonolysis, hydroxylation, Diels Alderreaction, 1, 2 – and 1, 4 –addition reactions in conjugateddienes.

Reactions of alkynes; acidity, electrophilic and nucleophilic additions, hydration to form carbonyl compounds, Alkylation of terminal alkynes.

UNIT-III

Benzene and its reactivity

12h

Concept of aromaticity, Huckel's rule - application to Benzenoid (Benzene, Naphthalene) and Non - Benzenoid compounds (cyclopropenylcation, cyclopentadienyl anion and tropyliumcation)

Reactions - General mechanism of electrophilic aromatic substitution, mechanism of nitration, Friedel- Craft's alkylation and acylation. Orientation of aromatic substitution - ortho, para and meta directing groups. Ring activating and deactivating groups with examples (Electronic interpretation of various groups like NO₂ and Phenolic). Orientation of (i) Amino, methoxy and methyl groups (ii) Carboxy, nitro, nitrile, carbonyl and sulphonic acid groups (iii) Halogens

(Explanation by taking minimum of one example from each type)

GENERAL CHEMISTRY

24 h

UNIT-IV

1. Surface chemistry and chemical bonding

Surface chemistry

6h

Colloids- Coagulation of colloids- Hardy-Schulze rule. Stability of colloids, Protection of Colloids, Gold number.

Adsorption-Physical and chemical adsorption, Langmuir adsorption isotherm, applications of adsorption.

2. Chemical Bonding

6h

Valence bond theory, hybridization, VB theory as applied to ClF₃,Ni(CO)₄, Molecular orbital theory - LCAO method, construction of M.O. diagrams for homo-nuclear and hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules (N₂, O₂, CO and NO).

3. HSAB 2h

Pearson's concept, HSAB principle & its importance, bonding in Hard-Hard and Soft-Soft combinations.

UNIT-V

Stereochemistry of carbon compounds

10h

Molecular representations - Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-Horse formulae.

Optical isomerism: Optical activity- wave nature of light, plane polarised light, optical rotation and specific rotation.

Chiral molecules- definition and criteria(Symmetry elements)- Definition of enantiomers and diastereomers – Explanation of optical isomerism with examples- Glyceraldehyde, Lactic acid, Alanine, Tartaric acid, 2,3-dibromopentane.

D,L, R,S and E,Z- configuration with examples.

Definition of Racemic mixture – Resolution of racemic mixtures (any 3 techniques)

Co-curricular activities and Assessment Methods Continuous Evaluation: Monitoring the progress of student's learning Class Tests, Worksheets and Quizzes Presentations, Projects and Assignments and Group Discussions: Enhances critical thinking skills and personality Semester-end Examination: critical indicator of student's learning and teaching methods adopted by teachers throughout the semester.

List of Reference Books

Theory:

Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural

Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Eliel, E. L. &Wilen, S. H. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds; Wiley: London, 1994. Kalsi, P. S. Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism; New Age International, 2005.

Practical:

Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Ouantitative Analysis, University Press (2000).

Ahluwalia, V.K. & Dhingra, S. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative

Analysis, University Press (2000).

Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012).

Additional Resources:

Solomons, T. W. G.; Fryhle, C. B. &Snyder, S. A. Organic Chemistry, 12th Edition, Wiley.

Bruice, P. Y. Organic Chemistry, Eighth Edition, Pearson.

Clayden, J.; Greeves, N.&Warren, S. Organic Chemistry, Oxford.

Nasipuri, D. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: Principles and Applications, Third

Edition, New Age International.

Gunstone, F. D. Guidebook to Stereochemistry, Prentice Hall Press, 1975.

SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY B.Sc. DEGREE COURSE IN CHEMISTRY FIRST YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER

(Under CBCS W.E.F. 2020-21)

LABORATORY COURSE-II

30hrs (2 h / w)

Practical-II Volumetric Analysis

(At the end of Semester-II)

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to;

- 1. Use glassware, equipment and chemicals and follow experimental procedures in the laboratory
- 2. Understand and explain the volumetric analysis based on fundamental concepts learnt in ionic\ equilibria
- 3. Learn and identify the concepts of a standard solutions, primary and secondary standards
- 4. Facilitate the learner to make solutions of various molar concentrations. This may include: The concept of the mole; Converting moles to grams; Converting grams to moles; Defining concentration; Dilution of Solutions; Making different molar concentrations.

Volumetric analysis 50 M

- 1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture.
- 2. Determination of Fe (II) using KMnO₄ with oxalic acid as primary standard.
- 3. Determination of Cu (II) using Na₂S₂O₃ with K₂Cr₂O₇ as primary standard.
- 4. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO₄

SRI VENKATESWARA UNIVERSITY B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION IN CHEMISTRY

FIRST YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER

(Under CBCS W.E.F. 2020-21)

COURSE -II: ORGANIC & GENERAL CHEMISTRY

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 75

PART- A

5 X 5 = 25 Marks

Answer any FIVE of the following questions. Each carries FIVE marks

- 1. Write different conformations of n-butane. Explain their relative stability..
- 2. Explain 1,2- & 1,4- addition reactions of conjugated dienes.
- 3. Explain the orientation effect of halogens on mono substituted benzene.
- 4. Explain the mechanism of E1^{CB} elimination reaction.
- 5. Explain the structure of ClF₃ by Valency Bond theory.
- 6. What are Hard & soft acids & bases? Explain with examples.
- 7. Draw the Wedge, Fischer, Newmann& saw-Horse representations for Tartaric acid.
- 8. Define Enantiomers and Diastereomers and give two examples for each.

PART-B

 $5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks}$

Answer ALL the questions. Each carries TEN marks

- 9 (a). (i) Write the preparation of alkanes by Wurtz and Corey-House reaction.
- (ii) Explain Halogenation of alkanes. Explain the reactivity and selectivity in free radical substitutions.

(or)

- (b). (i) Explain Baeyer Strain Theory
- (ii) Draw the conformations of Cyclohexane and explain their stability by drawing energy profile diagram.
- 10 (a). (i) Write any two methods of preparation of alkenes.
- (ii) Explain the mechanism of Markownikiff and Anti-Markownikoff addition of HBr to alkene.

(or)

- (b). (i) Explain the acidity of 1-alkynes
- (ii) How will you prepare acetaldehyde and acetone from alkynes? (iii) Write alkylation reaction of terminal alkne.
- 11.(a). Define Huckel rule of aromatic compounds. What are benzenoid and non-benzenoid aromatic compounds? Give examples.

(or)

- (b). Explain the mechanisms of Nitration and Friedel-Craft's alkylation of Benzene.
- 12.(a). (i) Define Hardy-Schulze rule & Gold number.
- (ii) Differentiate Physisorption& Chemisorption. Explain Langmuir adsorption isotherm.

(or)

- (b). Construct the Molecular Orbital diagram for O₂ and NO and explain their bond order and magnetic property.
- 13.(a). Define racemic mixture. Explain any two techniques for resolution of racemic mixture.

(or)

- (b). (i) Define Optical activity and Specific rotation.
- (ii) Draw the R- & S- isomers of Alanine, Glyceraldehyde. (iii)

Write the E- & Z- isomers of 2-butene.

SUBJECT EXPERTS

Prof. C. Suresh Reddy Professor,
Department of Chemistry S.V.
University
Tirupati.

Dr. M. Mahaboob Pacha
Lecturer in Chemistry
Government Degree College
Ramachandrapuram – 533255

SYLLABUS VETTED BY

Prof. N.V.S. Naidu,
Professor, Department of Chemistry
S.V. University
Tirupati.